



Zoning

# Installation & Operation Manual

## Introduction

The Radiant Thermostat 519 accurately controls the room and/or floor temperature for a hydronic heating zone using Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) technology. Simple up and down buttons and a display with large type make this thermostat easy to read and use. A Slab Sensor 5110079 is included to measure floor temperature to protect the floor from overheating and enhance comfort. This easy to install thermostat is a direct replacement for the tekmar Thermostat 509.



## **Energy Saving Features**

• Auto Heating Cycle

## **Additional Features**

- Radiant Floor Heating
- Pulse Width Modulation
- Floor & Air Temperature Control
- Outdoor & Floor Temperature Display
- Backlight
- Freeze Protection
- Includes Slab Sensor 5110079

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### **Getting Started**

Congratulations on the purchase of your new MrPEX® thermostat.

This manual will step through the complete installation, programming and sequence of operation for this control. At the back, there are tips for control and system troubleshooting.

# Installation

### Caution

Improper installation and operation of this control could result in damage to the equipment and possibly even personal injury or death. It is your responsibility to ensure that this control is safely installed according to all applicable codes and standards. This electronic control is not intended for use as a primary limit control. Other controls that are intended and certified as safety limits must be placed into the control circuit.

### Preparation

#### **Tools Required**-

- Jeweller screwdriver
- Phillips head screwdriver

• Wire Stripper

### **Materials Required**

• 18 AWG LVT Solid Wire (Low Voltage Connections)

### Installation Location

Choose the placement of the thermostats early in the construction process to enable proper wiring during rough-in.

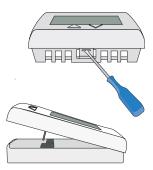
Consider the following:

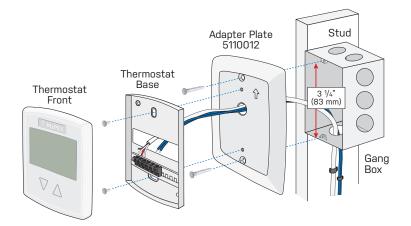
- Interior Wall.
- Keep dry. Avoid potential leakage onto the control.
- Relative Humidity less than 90%. Non-condensing environment.
- No exposure to extreme temperatures beyond 32-122°F (0-50°C).
- No draft, direct sun, or other cause for inaccurate temperature readings.
- Away from equipment, appliances, or other sources of electrical interference.
- Easy access for wiring, viewing, and adjusting the display screen.
- Approximately 5 feet (1.5 m) off the finished floor.
- The maximum length of wire is 500 feet (150 m).
- Strip wire to 3/8" (10 mm) for all terminal connections.
- Use standard 4 conductor, 18 AWG wire.

### **Removing The Thermostat Base**

To remove the thermostat base:

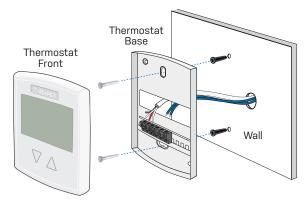
- Locate the tab on the bottom of the thermostat.
- Push the tab with either your thumb or with a screwdriver.
- Lift the thermostat front away from the thermostat's base.





If a single gang box is used:

- Adapter Plate 5110012 is required (sold separately).
- Feed the wiring through the hole in the adaptor plate and the thermostat base.
- Fasten the adaptor plate to the gang box.
- Fasten the base of the thermostat to the adaptor plate.
- Terminate wiring to the wiring strip.
- Push the thermostat front onto the thermostat base.



If mounting directly to the wall:

- Drill holes and install the wall anchors.
- Feed the wiring through the large hole in the thermostat base.
- Fasten the thermostat base to the wall using the wood screws to the wall anchors.
- Terminate wiring to the wiring strip.
- Push the thermostat front onto the thermostat base.

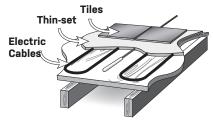
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### New Installations

### **Thin-Set or Thin-Pour Applications**

If the floor covering is to be installed over either a thin-set or thin-pour material of sufficient depth, the 5110079 slab sensor can be placed directly into either the

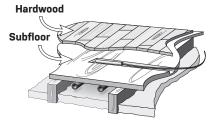
thin-set material or the thin-pour material and covered over. Ensure that the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location. Splices within the thin-set or thinpour should be avoided to ensure trouble free operation. The sensor should be located mid way between the heating elements to ensure a proper temperature reading.



### Thin Floor Coverings (less than 3/8" (10 mm))

If a thin floor covering is to be installed directly to the subfloor, a groove 1/8" (4 mm) wide by 1/16" (2 mm) deep can be cut into the surface of the subfloor to accommodate the wire for the sensor. Ensure that the sensor is located in such

a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location. Splices under the floor covering should be avoided to ensure trouble free operation. A groove 3/16" (5 mm) wide by 3/16" (5 mm) deep by 1-3/4" (45 mm) long should be cut to accommodate the sensor. The sensor should be located mid way between the heating elements to ensure a proper temperature reading.

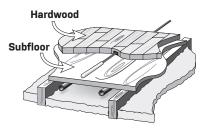


### Thick Floor Coverings (greater than 3/8" (10 mm))

If a thick floor covering is to be installed directly to the subfloor, a groove 1/8" (4 mm) wide by 1/16" (2 mm) deep can be cut into the back of the flooring material to accommodate the wire for the sensor. Ensure that the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location.

Splices under the floor covering should be avoided to ensure trouble free operation. A groove 3/16" (5 mm) wide by 3/16" (5 mm) deep by 1-3/4" (45 mm) long should be cut to accommodate the sensor. The sensor should be located mid way between the heating elements to ensure a proper temperature reading.

**NOTE:** If it is not practical to cut a groove in the surface covering, follow the installation method used for thin floor coverings.

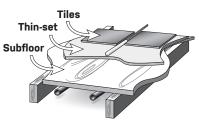


### **Retrofit Installations**

### **Tile Floor Coverings**

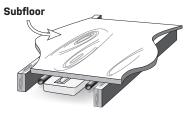
If a Slab Sensor 5110079 is to be installed into an existing tile floor with sufficiently large grout lines, the sensor and wire can be installed in one of the grout lines between the tiles. Select a low traffic area of the floor that is mid way between the heating

elements for the sensor location. Ensure that the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location. Splices within the grout should be avoided to ensure trouble free operation. Remove the appropriate grout line and place the sensor and wire in the floor. Re-grout the area.



#### Installing the Sensor to the Bottom of a Subfloor

If the sensor is to be installed to the bottom of a subfloor, cut a piece of 1" (25 mm) thick rigid insulation into a 6" (150 mm) by 6" (150 mm) square. A groove 3/16" (5 mm) wide by 3/16" (5 mm) deep by 1-3/4" (45 mm) long should be cut into the insulation to accommodate the sensor. Place the sensor in the groove and sandwich the sensor between the insulation and the subfloor. Use a suitable fastening method to affix the insulation to the subfloor.



### Slab Sensor 5110079 Wiring

Caution: Do not run sensor wires parallel to telephone or power cables. If the sensor wires are located in an area with strong sources of electromagnetic interference, shielded cable or twisted pair should be used or the wires can be run in a grounded metal conduit.

The Slab Sensor 5110079 is supplied with 10' (3 m) of cable. If a longer length is required, 24 AWG or larger wire can be spliced onto the two wires from the sensor. The splices should be properly soldered and protected in an accessible iunction box. Follow the sensor testing instructions given in this brochure and then connect the wires to the control.

### Slab Sensor 5110079 Testing

A good quality test meter capable of measuring up to 5,000 k $\Omega$  (1 k $\Omega$  = 1000 $\Omega$ ) is required to measure the sensor resistance. In addition to this, the actual temperature must be measured with either a good quality digital thermometer, or if a thermometer is not available, a second sensor can be placed alongside the one to be tested and the readings compared.

First measure the room temperature using the thermometer. Disconnect the Sen and Com wires from the thermostat. Using an electrical meter, measure the resistance of the Sen and Com wires at the thermostat location. Using the temperature versus resistance table, estimate the temperature measured by the sensor. The sensor measurement and thermometer readings should be close. If the test meter reads a very high resistance, there may be a broken wire, a poor wiring connection or a defective sensor. If the resistance is very low, the wiring may be shorted, there may be moisture in the sensor or the sensor may be defective. To test for a defective sensor, measure the resistance directly at the sensor location. Once the test has been completed, reconnect the Sen and Com wires to the thermostat.

Do not apply voltage to the temperature sensor terminals at any time as damage to the sensor may result.

| -     |        |            | -     |        | D          |
|-------|--------|------------|-------|--------|------------|
| lempe | rature | Resistance | lempe | rature | Resistance |
| °F    | °C     | Ω          | °F    | °C     | Ω          |
| -50   | -46    | 490,813    | 25    | -4     | 39,913     |
| -45   | -43    | 405,710    | 30    | -1     | 34,558     |
| -40   | -40    | 336,606    | 35    | 2      | 29,996     |
| -35   | -37    | 280,279    | 40    | 4      | 26,099     |
| -30   | -34    | 234,196    | 45    | 7      | 22,763     |
| -25   | -32    | 196,358    | 50    | 10     | 19,900     |
| -20   | -29    | 165,180    | 55    | 13     | 17,436     |
| -15   | -26    | 139,402    | 60    | 16     | 15,311     |
| -10   | -23    | 118,018    | 65    | 18     | 13,474     |
| -5    | -21    | 100,221    | 70    | 21     | 11,883     |
| 0     | -18    | 85,362     | 75    | 24     | 10,501     |
| 5     | -15    | 72,918     | 80    | 27     | 9,299      |
| 10    | -12    | 62,465     | 85    | 29     | 8,250      |
| 15    | -9     | 53,658     | 90    | 32     | 7,334      |
| 20    | -7     | 46,218     | 95    | 35     | 6,532      |

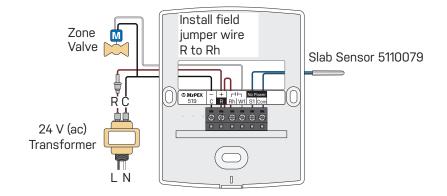
### Temperature vs. Resistance Table

# Temperature vs. Resistance Table - Continued

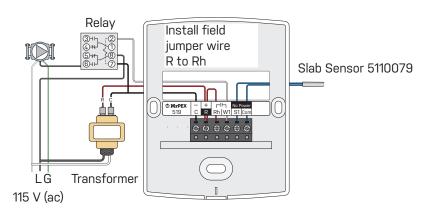
| Tempe | rature | Resistance | Temperature |     | Resistance |
|-------|--------|------------|-------------|-----|------------|
| °F    | °C     | Ω          | °F          | °C  | Ω          |
| 100   | 38     | 5,828      | 165         | 74  | 1,538      |
| 105   | 41     | 5,210      | 170         | 77  | 1,403      |
| 110   | 43     | 4,665      | 175         | 79  | 1,281      |
| 115   | 46     | 4,184      | 180         | 82  | 1,172      |
| 120   | 49     | 3,760      | 185         | 85  | 1,073      |
| 125   | 52     | 3,383      | 190         | 88  | 983        |
| 130   | 54     | 3,050      | 195         | 91  | 903        |
| 135   | 57     | 2,754      | 200         | 93  | 829        |
| 140   | 60     | 2,490      | 205         | 96  | 763        |
| 145   | 63     | 2,255      | 210         | 99  | 703        |
| 150   | 66     | 2,045      | 215         | 102 | 648        |
| 155   | 68     | 1,857      | 220         | 104 | 598        |
| 160   | 71     | 1,689      | 225         | 107 | 553        |

### **Thermostat Wiring**

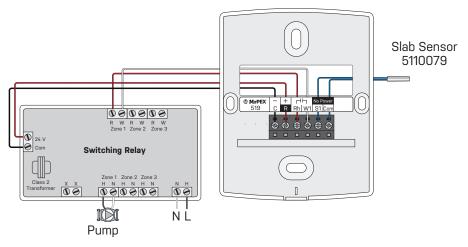
#### Zone Valve-



Relay



### Switching Relay-



## **Testing the Thermostat Wiring**

### Testing the Power-

If the thermostat display turns on, this indicates that the thermostat is operating correctly and there are no electrical issues. In the event that the display is permanently off:

- 1. Remove the thermostat front.
- 2. Use an electrical meter to measure voltage between the R and C wiring terminals. For AC power supplies the voltage should measure between 10 to 30 V (ac). For DC power supplies the voltage should measure between 10 to 30 V (dc).
- 3. If the voltage on the R and C wire terminations is continuous and the thermostat display is not on, the thermostat may have a fault. Contact your MrPEX Systems sales representative for assistance.

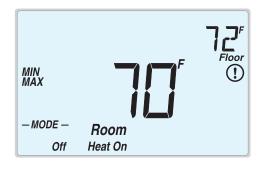
If the thermostat display intially powers on but later shuts off intermittantly, there may be a short circuit from the W wire to ground, or the power supply is too small to power the load.

### Testing the Heat Zone Output Wiring

- 1. Touch the  $\Delta$  button and set the heating temperature above the current room temperature. Make sure the display does not flash "Max" if using a floor sensor.
- 2. When the "Heat On" symbol appears on the display, use an electrical meter to check for voltage on the W and C wires connected to the zone valve, wiring center, relay or switching relay. The electrical meter should read 10 to 30 V (ac) or (dc).
- 3. If the W and C wire have voltage, check the zone valve, wiring center, relay or pump to determine if the heat device is operating correctly.

# **User Interface**

## **Home Screen**





## **Symbols Description**

| Heat On<br>— MODE — | HEAT ON<br>Heat is turned on.                              | MIN | <b>MIN</b><br>The floor is at or below the<br>floor minimum temperature. |
|---------------------|--|-----|--|
| Off                 |  |     | MAY  |
| ()                  | <b>WARNING SYMBOL</b><br>Indicates an error is<br>present. | MAX | <b>MAX</b><br>The floor has reached the<br>floor maximum temperature.    |

# Sequence of Operation

## **Heating Operation**

To change the heat temperature setting, push the  $\Delta$  or  $\nabla$  button to select a preferred temperature setting. The Heat On symbol is shown on the display when the thermostat is heating. The heat can cycle on and off within +/- 1.5°F (1°C) of the temperature setting.

The floor and air heating can be shut off by holding the abla button until Set Room is Off.

To resume heating when the Mode is Off, press the  $\Delta$  button to navigate to the Mode setting, then press the  $\Delta$  button to select Mode Heat. The thermostat will resume heating at the last previously set temperature.

### Air Temperature Only-

If there is only an air temperature sensor (no floor sensor), the thermostat operates to control your desired air temperature.

### Floor Temperature Only-

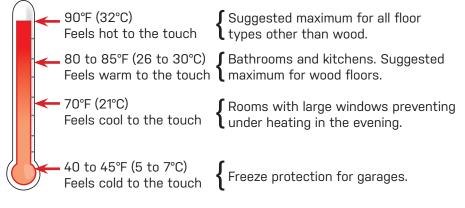
If the air sensor has been disabled, the thermostat will only maintain floor temperature and ignore air temperature. This operation is recommended for areas such as bathrooms to ensure that tile floors are warm to the touch.

### Floor and Air Temperature t

If the air sensor is turned on and a floor sensor is connected, the thermostat will maintain the desired air temperature as well as a minimum floor temperature.

This operation is recommended for areas with large windows that allow the sun to shine into a room and keep it warm without the need for heat. This can allow the floors to cool off during the afternoon. When the sun goes down, it can take a long time for the floors to get warm again. This may cause the room to cool off too much in the early evening. A floor minimum setting can help with this condition by maintaining a floor minimum temperature. Keep in mind the floor minimum temperature will override the air temperature, and if set too high, may overheat the room.

This operation is also recommended for rooms with hardwood floors. Setting floor minimum and maximum temperatures is a way of enhancing the comfort of the living space while protecting floor coverings.



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# **Programmable Settings**

| Setting  | Display                |
|--|------------------------|
| User settings. Press the $	riangle$ and $ abla$ buttons together for 3 stadvance to the next setting.  | econds to enter and    |
| MODE<br>Select heat or off.  | HEAT                   |
| Range: HEAT, OFF   | Default: HEAT          |
| <b>UNITS</b><br>Select the temperature units.  | UNITS<br>F             |
| Range: °F or °C  | Default: °F            |
| <b>LIGHT</b><br>Select when the display back light should operate. Auto<br>operates the backlight for 30 seconds after a keystroke.  |                        |
| Range: OFF, AUTO, ON   | Default: AUTO          |
| <b>SET FLOOR</b><br>Set the floor minimum temperature. Available when an<br>auxiliary floor sensor is connected and the built-in room<br>sensor is on.                                     |                        |
| Range: OFF, 40 to 122°F (4.5 to 50.0°C)  | Default: 72°F (22.0°C) |
| <b>TYPE</b> Device Type number. Hold the $\Delta$ button to view the software version.   | 5 <b>19</b>            |
| <b>ESCAPE</b><br>Release the $\triangle$ and $\nabla$ buttons to return to the home screen.  | ESCRPE                 |
| Installer settings. Press the $	riangle$ and $ abla$ buttons together for  | 5 more seconds.        |
| <b>AUXILIARY SENSOR</b><br>Select the type of auxiliary sensor. Available when an auxiliary sensor is automatically detected.  | nux sensr<br>NDNE      |
| Range: <b>NONE</b> = no auxiliary sensor, <b>ROOM</b> = Indoor<br>Sensor, <b>FLOR</b> = Slab Sensor, <b>OUT</b> = Outdoor Sensor   | Default: OFF           |
| <b>ROOM SENSOR</b><br>Select if the built-in room temperature sensor is on or<br>off. The built-in room sensor can only be disabled when<br>an auxiliary room or slab sensor is connected. | SENSOR<br>DN<br>Accor  |
| Range: ON or OFF   | Default: ON            |
| <b>SET FLOOR MAXIMUM</b><br>Set the floor maximum temperature in order to protect<br>the floor covering. Suggested settings: Tile = 90°F<br>(32°C), Wood Floor = 85°F (29°C)               | SET FLOOR              |
| Range: 40 to 122°F (4.5 to 50.0°C), OFF  | Default: 85°F (29.5°C) |
| <b>ESCAPE</b><br>Release the $\Delta$ and $\nabla$ buttons to return to the home screen.   | ESCAPE                 |

# Troubleshooting

| Error Message           | es   |
|-------------------------|--|
| Error Message           | Description  |
| setup<br>Errr®          | <b>SETUP MENU SAVE ERROR</b><br>The thermostat failed to read the Programmable Settings from memory<br>and has reloaded the factory default settings. The thermostat stops<br>normal operation until all Programmable Settings are checked except<br>to provide freeze protection.   |
| SENSOR<br>OPEN®         | <b>ROOM SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT ERROR</b><br>The built-in air temperature sensor has an open circuit fault. Do not<br>confuse this error with the auxiliary room sensor short circuit error.<br>This error cannot be field repaired. Contact your wholesaler or MrPEX<br>Systems sales representative for details on repair procedures.  |
| SENSOR<br>SHRT®<br>Room | <b>ROOM SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT ERROR</b><br>The built-in air temperature sensor has a short circuit fault. Do not<br>confuse this error with the auxiliary room sensor short circuit error.<br>This error cannot be field repaired. Contact your wholesaler or MrPEX<br>Systems sales representative for details on repair procedures.   |
| RUX SENSR<br>DPEN®      | <b>AUXILIARY SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT ERROR</b><br>The auxiliary sensor has an open circuit. Check for loose or damaged<br>wires. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Sensor<br>Testing section of this brochure. The error clears after the auxiliary<br>sensor fault is corrected. If the auxiliary sensor was intentionally<br>removed, power the thermostat down and up to clear the error. |
| RUX SENSR<br>SHRT®      | <b>AUXILIARY SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT ERROR</b><br>The auxiliary sensor has a short circuit. Check for damaged wires.<br>Locate and repair the problem as described in the Sensor Testing<br>section of this brochure. The error clears after the auxiliary sensor<br>fault is corrected.  |

| Frequently Asked Questions      |  |   |  |  |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Symptom                         | Look for   | Corrective Action   |  |  |
| Display powering<br>on and off. | Measure voltage at<br>wiring terminals R<br>and C. | The power supply transformer<br>may have limited VA capacity. A<br>transformer with a larger VA rating<br>is recommended. |  |  |
| Thermostat does<br>not heat.    | Mode Off   | Thermostat must be in Mode Heat in order to provide heating.  |  |  |

# **Technical Data**

| Radiant Thermostat 5110519 One Stage Heat |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Literature                                | 5110519_C, 5110519_D, 5110519_Q, 5110519_U                                       |  |
| Control                                   | Microprocessor control. This is not a safety (limit) control                     |  |
| Packaged weight                           | 0.6 lb. (290 g)  |  |
| Dimensions                                | 3-11/16" H x 3" W x 15/16" D (94 x 76 x 24 mm)                                   |  |
| Enclosure                                 | White PVC plastic, NEMA Type 1   |  |
| Approvals                                 | Meets Class B: ICES & FCC Part 15  |  |
| Ambient conditions                        | Indoor use only, 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C), RH ≤90% non-condensing                 |  |
| Power supply                              | 10 to 30 V (ac/dc), 50/60 Hz, 1.8 VA standby,<br>56 VA max fully loaded, Class 2 |  |
| Relay                                     | 30V (ac/dc) 2 A, Class 2 circuits  |  |
| Sensor                                    | NTC thermistor, 10 kΩ @ 77°F (25°C ±0.2°C) β=3892                                |  |
| – Included                                | Slab Sensor 5110079  |  |
| – Optional                                | tekmar type # 070, 072, 073, 076, 077, 079, 084                                  |  |

| Slab Sensor 5110079 10' (3 m) wire |   |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Dimensions                         | 3/16" OD x 1-1/2" (5 OD x 38 mm)                                      |  |  |
| Enclosure                          | 316 stainless steel, 10' (3 m) 24 AWG, 300 volt PVC insulated Zipcord |  |  |
| Approvals                          | CSA C US  |  |  |
| Operating range                    | -58 to 140°F (-50 to 60°C)  |  |  |
| Sensor                             | NTC thermistor, 10 k $\Omega$ @ 77°F (25°C ±0.2°C) ß=3892             |  |  |

### LIMITED WARRANTY—EFFECTIVE MAY 1, 2016 VALID FOR MRPEX® POTABLE PEX-A TUBING, FITTINGS AND OTHER SELECT PLUMBING PRODUCTS

### **Limited Warranty**

tMrPEX® Systems warrants to its "clients" that the MrPEX® POTABLE PEX-a Tubing and Plumbing Components, used for Plumbing applications, sold hereunder shall be free from defects in material and workmanship and that the components will conform to specifications stated in MrPEX® Publications. This Limited Warranty shall expire thirty (30) years for the MrPEX® POTABLE PEX-a tubing, five (5) years for Lead Free Brass F1807 PEX Press Fittings, PPSU F2159 PEX Press Fittings and two (2) years for all other components, from date of shipment by MrPEX® Systems unless otherwise specified in writing, MrPEX® Systems further warrants that products listed are compatible with Each other, but at the same time we disclaim warranty for claims related to compatibility with non-MrPEX® products. Components sold under this Limited Warranty must (1) be selected, designed, and installed according to the instructions in MrPEX® Publications using appropriate trade workmanship and according to the local building code(s), (2) remain in their originally installed location, (3) are connected to appropriate water and power supplies, (4) show no evidence of tampering, mishandling, neglect, accidental damage, modification or repair without the approval of MrPEX® Systems or damage done to the product by anyone other than MrPEX® Systems authorized personnel. A ten (10) year system warranty shall be offered when a potable water system is installed solely with MrPEX® Systems tubing, fittings, and components. MrPEX® Systems' sole obligation hereunder shall be, at its option, to issue credit, repair or replace any component or part thereof which is proved to be other than as warranted. No allowance shall be made to clients for transportation or labor charges unless such charges are authorized in writing in advance by MrPEX® Systems. Any repairs without the express written consent of MrPEX® Systems, shall render this Limited Warranty invalid. Warranty claims must be received by MrPEX® Systems within the applicable warranty period and within thirty (30) days from the time when the cause for the claim occurred or was discovered. Upon receipt of prompt notice of a warranty claim, MrPEX® Systems shall have ten (10) business days in which to determine whether it acknowledges responsibility for any asserted defects in material or workmanship and the appropriate action to be taken. This Limited Warranty and any claims arising from breach of warranty, or any other claim arising hereunder, shall be governed and construed under the laws of the State of Minnesota. No other persons than MrPEX® employees have any express or implied authority to bind MrPEX® to any agreement or warranty of any kind without the express written consent of MrPEX® Systems.

#### **Disclaimer of Warranties**

MrPEX® Systems disclaims any warranty not provided herein including the implied warranty of merchantability and implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose. It is expressly understood that MrPEX® Systems is not responsible for any consequential or other damages that may arise from using MrPEX® System components. Damage resulting from water freezing in the tubing does not constitute a defect in material or workmanship, and shall not be covered by this warranty. MrPEX® tubing may not be stored in direct sunlight for any period longer than three weeks or this limited warranty becomes invalid. Also, exposure to direct or considerable indirect sunlight after installation voids this limited warranty. MrPEX® Systems disclaims any statutory or implied warranty of habitability. MrPEX® Systems further disclaims any responsibility for losses, expenses, inconveniences, special, indirect, secondary, incidental or consequential damages arising from ownership or use of the articles sold hereunder. There are no warranties which extend beyond the face hereof.



All specifications are subject to change without notice